

Financial Statements Collingwood General and Marine Hospital

March 31, 2023



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Collingwood General and Marine Hospital

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Collingwood General and Marine Hospital, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, the statements of operations and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Collingwood General and Marine Hospital as at March 31, 2023, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of Collingwood General and Marine Hospital in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing Collingwood General and Marine Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate Collingwood General and Marine Hospital or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Collingwood General and Marine Hospital's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Collingwood General and Marine Hospital's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on Collingwood General and Marine Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause Collingwood General and Marine Hospital to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Statement of financial position

As at March 31, 2023

	Notes	March 31, 2023 \$	March 31, 2022 \$
Assets			
Current			
Cash		6,264,014	10,300,601
Accounts receivable	3	10,046,337	3,642,314
Contribution receivable	12	200,000	200,000
Prepaid expenses		1,021,148	870,942
Inventory	_	258,843	230,187
		17,790,342	15,244,044
Capital assets	4	31,172,790	29,888,837
Contribution receivable	12	1,600,000	1,800,000
		50,563,132	46,932,881
Liabilities Current			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6	12,913,929	12,205,028
Deferred revenue		1,203,388	884,887
Capital lease obligation	7	14,227	95,555
	-	14,131,544	13,185,470
Capital lease obligation	7	-	18,751
Deferred capital contributions	8	30,964,595	28,337,216
Employee future benefits	9	3,683,666	3,582,576
	• •	48,779,805	45,124,013
Commitments and contingencies	14		
Net assets	-	1,783,327	1,808,868
		50,563,132	46,932,881

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Approved by the Board of Directors

Barry Goodwin Chair, Board of Directors

Statement of operations and changes in net assets

For the year ended March 31, 2023

	Notes	March 31, 2023 \$	March 31, 2022 \$
Revenue			
Ministry of Health	10	64,167,321	59,213,451
Patient Services		11,966,392	10,745,332
Marketed Services		835,294	784,238
Other	12	873,634	700,948
Amortization of Deferred Contributions - Equipment		2,181,612	1,813,914
• •	-	80,024,253	73,257,883
Expenses			
Salaries and benefits	9 and 13	45,726,782	43,047,811
Medical Staff remuneration	10	11,802,724	9,882,954
Supplies and other		13,771,057	13,192,758
Medical and surgical supplies		5,472,965	4,149,634
Drugs and gases		941,092	958,118
Amortization of equipment		2,203,953	2,023,219
	-	79,918,573	73,254,494
Excess of revenue over expenses before the			
undernoted	-	105,680	3,389
Other votes and programs			
Revenue	11	2,846,851	2,233,782
Expenses	11	(2,846,851)	(2,283,899)
	- -	-	(50,117)
Amortization of Buildings and Land Improvements			
Deferred capital contributions		924,042	905,972
Amortization		(1,055,263)	(1,035,178)
	- -	(131,221)	(129,206)
Deficiency of revenue over expenses		(25,541)	(175,934)
Net assets, beginning of year		1,808,868	1,984,802
Net assets, end of year	-	1,783,327	1,808,868
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Operating activities Deficiency of revenue over expenses (25,541) (175,934) Items not affecting cash: 3,259,216 3,058,397 Amortization of capital assets 3,259,216 3,058,397 Amortization of deferred capital contributions (3,105,654) (2,719,886) Employee future obligations 101,090 135,445 Change in non-cash working capital (6,204,023) 3,390,633 Inventory (28,656) (18,380) Prepaid expenses (150,206) 549,904 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091 Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash		March 31, 2023 \$	March 31, 2022 \$
Deficiency of revenue over expenses (25,541) (175,934) Items not affecting cash: 3,259,216 3,058,397 Amortization of capital assets (3,105,654) (2,719,886) Amortization of deferred capital contributions (3,105,654) (2,719,886) Employee future obligations 101,090 135,445 Change in non-cash working capital (6,204,023) 3,390,633 Inventory (28,656) (18,380) Prepaid expenses (150,206) 549,904 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091 Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929	Operating activities		
Amortization of capital assets 3,259,216 3,058,397 Amortization of deferred capital contributions (3,105,654) (2,719,886) Employee future obligations 101,090 135,445 Change in non-cash working capital 4ccounts receivable (6,204,023) 3,390,633 Inventory (28,656) (18,380) Prepaid expenses (150,206) 549,904 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091 Capital activities 4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities 5 (10,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Deficiency of revenue over expenses	(25,541)	(175,934)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (3,105,654) (2,719,886) Employee future obligations 101,090 135,445 Change in non-cash working capital 4,240,023 3,390,633 Inventory (28,656) (18,380) Prepaid expenses (150,206) 549,904 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091 Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672		3,259,216	3,058,397
Employee future obligations 101,090 135,445 Change in non-cash working capital (6,204,023) 3,390,633 Accounts receivable (8,2656) (18,380) Prepaid expenses (150,206) 549,904 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091 Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	•		
Accounts receivable (6,204,023) 3,390,633 Inventory (28,656) (18,380) Prepaid expenses (150,206) 549,904 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091 Capital activities Additions to capital assets Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672		101,090	•
Inventory (28,656) (18,380) Prepaid expenses (150,206) 549,904 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091	Change in non-cash working capital		
Prepaid expenses (150,206) 549,904 Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091 Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Accounts receivable	(6,204,023)	3,390,633
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 708,897 (1,152,975) Deferred revenue 318,501 884,887 (5,126,376) 3,952,091 Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Inventory	(28,656)	(18,380)
Deferred revenue 318,501 (5,126,376) 884,887 (5,126,376) Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Sank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Prepaid expenses	(150,206)	549,904
Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities 3,952,091 Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	708,897	(1,152,975)
Capital activities Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Deferred revenue	318,501	884,887
Additions to capital assets (4,543,169) (2,908,115) Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672		(5,126,376)	3,952,091
Financing activities Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Capital activities		
Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Additions to capital assets	(4,543,169)	(2,908,115)
Bank loan - (1,022,090) Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Financing activities		
Capital lease payments (100,080) (89,026) Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	_	-	(1,022,090)
Deferred capital contributions 5,733,038 4,809,069 5,632,958 3,697,953 Increase / (decrease) in cash (4,036,587) 4,741,929 Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Capital lease payments	(100,080)	,
Increase / (decrease) in cash Cash, beginning of year (4,036,587) 10,300,601 5,558,672	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	, ,
Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	·	5,632,958	3,697,953
Cash, beginning of year 10,300,601 5,558,672	Increase / (decrease) in cash	(4.036.587)	4.741.929
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Casn, end of year 6,264,014 10,300,601	Cash, end of year	6,264,014	10,300,601

1. Nature of the organization

Collingwood General and Marine Hospital (the "Hospital") was incorporated under the Canada Corporation Act by Parliamentary assent on June 23, 1887, to establish a hospital for the assistance, benefit, and relief of persons sick or injured. The Hospital is exempt from income taxes under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of presentation

The financial statements of the Hospital are the representations of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards. The Hospital reports revenue and expenses on the accrual basis of accounting and uses the deferral method for reporting restricted contributions. The Hospital Foundation, referred to in these notes, is a separate entity, whose financial information is reported separately from the Hospital. The financial statements of the Hospital include the following significant accounting policies.

(b) Revenue recognition

The Hospital follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which includes donations and government grants.

The Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with budget arrangements established by the Ministry of Health ("MOH") and Ontario Health ("OH"). The Hospital has entered into a Service Accountability Agreement ("SAA") for fiscal 2022/23 with OH that sets out performance standards and obligations of the Hospital in a number of areas, including clinical activity and financial performance.

If the Hospital does not meet its performance standards or obligations, OH has the right to adjust funding recognized by the Hospital. As data impacting volumes-based funding is not submitted until after the completion of the financial statements, the amount of OH funding the Hospital is eligible for may be increased or decreased subsequent to year end.

Grants and funding approved but not received at the end of an accounting period are accrued for. Where a portion of a grant relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in that subsequent period. Grants and funding for which revenue has been earned but not received as at the end of the fiscal year is recorded as accounts receivable.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Contributions and grants restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital asset.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Revenues from patients and other services are recognized when the services are provided.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Contributed services

The Hospital is dependent on the voluntary services of many individuals. As the fair market value of these services cannot be reasonably estimated, these contributed services are not recognized or disclosed in these financial statements.

(d) Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and deposits with banks.

(e) Financial instruments

The Hospital initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value and subsequently measures all its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

(f) Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on an average cost basis.

(g) Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Expenditures that substantially increase the useful lives of existing capital assets are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Hospital's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis using the following rates:

Land improvements	10 to 20 years
Buildings	5 to 50 years
Equipment and furnishings	3 to 20 years
Software	3 to 10 years

Construction in progress consists of direct construction, development costs, and financing costs. Amortization is recorded only when the capital asset is available for its intended use.

Capital leases are those that transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership to the Hospital. Capital leases are accounted for as though the asset was purchased and liability incurred. All other items of equipment held on lease are accounted for as operating leases.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Employee future benefits

The Hospital offers non-pension post-employment benefits to its employees, the cost of which is accrued under the employee future benefits plan. The cost of non-pension post-retirement and post-employment benefits earned by employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method, prorated on service and management's best estimate of retirement ages of employees and expected future benefit plan costs.

Adjustments arising from plan amendments are recognized in the year that the plan amendments occur. Actuarial gains or losses are amortized over the average remaining service period of the active employees.

The Hospital is also an employer member of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan, which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Hospital has adopted defined contribution plan accounting principles for this Plan as insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit plan accounting principles.

(i) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's estimates as additional information becomes available at a future date. Accounts involving significant estimates include revenue recognition, accounts receivable, capital assets, accrued liabilities, deferred revenues, employee future benefits, and amortization.

3. Accounts receivable

March 31, 2023 March 31, 2022		
\$	\$	
8,311,687	1,403,062	
1,285,706	1,511,201	
376,039	444,967	
164,866	395,278	
77,852	314,389	
10,216,149	4,068,897	
(169,812)	(426,583)	
10,046,337	3,642,314	
	\$ 8,311,687 1,285,706 376,039 164,866 77,852 10,216,149 (169,812)	

4. Capital assets

	Cost \$	Accumulated Amortization \$	•	March 31, 2022 Net book value \$
Land	143,458	-	143,458	143,458
Land improvements	1,258,333	(778,091)	480,242	526,046
Buildings	27,152,938	(13,851,159)	13,301,778	14,002,358
Equipment and furnishings	28,777,869	(19,910,564)	8,867,304	8,450,209
Software	6,558,638	(2,077,860)	4,480,778	4,503,672
Construction in progress	3,899,229	-	3,899,229	2,263,094
_	67,790,465	(36,617,674)	31,172,790	29,888,837

5. Credit facilities

The Hospital has available the following credit facilities:

- (a) Facility 1 a revolving credit facility for \$3,000,000 to support general operating requirements of the Hospital. This facility bears interest at the bank's prime rate minus 0.85%. As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, this facility remains unused.
- (b) Facility 2 a committed revolving credit facility for \$3,000,000 to support ongoing capital investments of the Hospital. This facility bears interest at a fixed or floating rate. As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, this facility remains unused.
- (c) Facility 3 a committed revolving credit facility for \$7,500,000 for the purchase of equipment. This facility bears interest at a fixed or floating rate. As of March 31, 2023, and March 31, 2022, this facility remains unused.

6. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	March 31, 2023 \$	March 31, 2022 \$
Ministry of Health and Ontario Health	378,877	549,743
Payroll related liabilities	7,012,798	6,712,413
Other	5,522,254	4,942,872
	12,913,929	12,205,028

7. Capital lease obligation

The Hospital has undertaken capital leases for certain equipment.

March 31, 2023 \$	March 31, 2022 \$
14,227	34,529
-	79,777
14,227	114,306
(14,227)	(95,555) 18,751
	14,227 - 14,227

8. Deferred capital contributions

		Capital		
	Capital grants	donations	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	\$	\$	Total \$	Total \$
Balance, beginning of year	16,006,216	12,331,000	28,337,216	26,248,043
Contributions received	1,676,135	4,056,904	5,733,039	4,809,059
Amounts amortized to revenue	(956,008)	(2,149,652)	(3,105,660)	(2,719,886)
Balance, end of year	16,726,343	14,238,252	30,964,595	28,337,216

Included in deferred capital grants is \$695,260 (2022 - \$Nil) of unspent funding received from the Ministry of Health for infrastructure renewal. These funds were required to be spent by March 31, 2023; however, the Ministry granted a one-time exception of carry over unspent funding into the following year as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

9. Employee future benefits

The Hospital provides health, dental, accidental death and dismemberment, and life insurance benefits to its employees. The Hospital participates in an unfunded benefit plan and accrues its obligations under employee future benefit plans and related costs as they are earned. For all active employees, the accrued benefits obligation was calculated using the projected benefit method prorated on service. The measurement date for the accrued benefit obligation, as calculated in the Hospital's last actuarial valuation for post-retirement benefits, was performed as at March 31, 2023.

9. Employee future benefits (continued)

The significant actuarial assumptions included in the actuarial report and adopted in estimating the Hospital's accrued benefit obligation are as follows:

	March 31, 2023 \$	March 31, 2022 \$
Net benefits recognized		
Current service cost	127,300	140,500
Interest cost	97,600	85,100
Amortization of actuarial experience gains	(29,700)	(13,400)
	195,200	212,200
Accrued benefit obligation, opening	3,170,100	3,134,400
Expense for the year	195,200	212,200
Benefits paid during the year	(193,800)	(176,500)
Accrued benefit obligation	3,171,500	3,170,100
Accrued benefit obligation	2,224,500	2,607,100
Unposted adjustment	512,166	412,476
Unamortized actuarial gains	947,000	563,000
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	3,683,666	3,582,576
Discount Rate		4.50%
Dental Benefits Cost Escalation		5.00%
Extended Health Care Cost Escala	tion	5.60%
Exteriord Floatin Oard Goot Estata		0.0070

10. Physician programs

The Hospital has agreements with the MOH for Physician on-call coverage and Emergency Department Physicians. The revenue and expenses associated with these agreements are included in the Statement of operations and changes in net assets as follows:

March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
\$	\$
1,369,915	1,329,885
3,842,264	3,303,316
5,212,179	4,633,201
1,369,915	1,329,885
3,815,864	3,276,916
5,185,779	4,606,801
26,400	26,400
	\$ 1,369,915 3,842,264 5,212,179 1,369,915 3,815,864 5,185,779

11. Other votes and programs

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
	\$	\$
Revenue		
Community Mental Health Programs	2,027,442	1,878,773
Wellness Baby Clinic	339,513	348,859
CGMH @ home	473,746	-
Municipal taxes	6,150	6,150
	2,846,851	2,233,782
Expenses		
Community Mental Health	1,852,037	1,822,827
Wellness Baby Clinic	339,513	294,154
CGMH @ home	473,746	-
Ontario Telemedicine Network	175,405	160,768
Municipal taxes	6,150	6,150
	2,846,851	2,283,899
	-	(50,117)

The Hospital allocates general administration costs to the Community Mental Health Programs, the Wellness Baby Clinic, and CGMH@home. A total allocation of \$93,309 (2022 - \$42,950) was made, as calculated from a base amount, plus any direct expenditures.

12. Related party transactions

The Hospital has an economic interest in the Collingwood General and Marine Hospital Foundation (the "Foundation"). The Foundation is incorporated under the Ontario Corporations Act, is a Registered Charity under the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) and was established to raise funds for the use of the Hospital.

The Hospital does not exercise control or significant influence over the Foundation and therefore the net assets and results of operations of the Foundation are not included in the financial statements of the Hospital.

During the year, \$4,056,904 (2022 - \$3,313,707) was received and recognized as deferred capital donations from the Foundation and \$122,005 (2022 - \$181,243) was recognized as Other revenue.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount established and agreed to by the related parties.

13. Pension plan

The Hospital is a member of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan (the "Plan"), which is a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan. Plan members will receive benefits based on the length of service and on the average of annualized earnings during the five consecutive years prior to retirement, termination or death, which provide the highest earnings.

The Plan's assets consist of investment grade securities. Market and credit risk on these securities are managed by the Plan by placing plan assets in trust and through the Plan investment policy.

Pension expense is based on Plan management's best estimates, in consultation with its actuaries, of the amount, together with the 6.9% of annualized earnings contributed by employees (9.2% of annualized earnings above the respective year's maximum pensionable earnings), required to provide a high level of assurance that benefits will be fully represented by contributions to the Plan to remain a constant percentage of employee's contributions. The employer currently contributes 126% of the employee's contribution.

Variances between actuarial funding estimates and actual experience may be material and any differences are generally to be funded by the participating members. The most recent actuarial valuation of the plan as at December 31, 2022 indicates the Plan is fully funded, with a surplus of \$11 billion (2022 - \$28.5 billion). Contributions made to the Plan during the year by the Hospital on behalf of its employees amount to \$2,677,691 (2022 - \$2,696,551) and are included in salaries and benefits expense in the Statement of operations and changes in net assets.

14. Commitments and contingencies

(a) The Hospital, in its normal course of operations, has signed support and maintenance contracts with third parties to provide services to the Hospital.

Payment for these services over the next five years is:

2024	\$ 1,810,059
2025	\$ 532,100
2026	\$ 292,657
2027	\$ 95,444
2028	\$ 54.891

- (b) The Hospital is party to a Shared Services Alliance Agreement with Headwaters Health Care Centre, Georgian Bay General Hospital and Royal Victoria Regional Health Care Centre for shared access to Meditech Expanse Health Care Information System. The Hospital has contractually committed to share costs until November 2035. Annual support fees for the upcoming year are estimated at approximately \$1.49 million.
- (c) In the ordinary course of business, various claims and lawsuits are brought against the Hospital. It is the opinion of management that the settlement of these actions will not result in any material liabilities beyond any amounts already accrued.
- (d) The Hospital participates in the Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada (HIROC). HIROC is a provider of healthcare liability insurance which provides for the pooling of liability insurance risks of its members. All members of the pool pay annual premiums which are actuarially determined. All members are subject to reassessment for losses, if any, experienced by the pool for the years in which they are members. Members are also entitled to a refund, should a surplus exist. No negative reassessments have been made to March 31, 2023.

15. Financial instruments

The Hospital is exposed to risk through its financial instruments. The following analysis provides a measure of these risks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Hospital is exposed to credit risk on its accounts receivable. Accounts receivable are primarily due from the MOH and OH and credit risk is mitigated by the financial solvency of these organizations. Additionally, the Hospital holds its cash accounts at a federally regulated chartered bank and is insured under the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000.

Notes to the financial statements March 31, 2023

15. Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the potential that the Hospital will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due as a result of the Hospital's inability to liquidate assets in a timely manner. The Hospital is exposed to liquidity risk on its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and expects to meet these obligations as they come due through operating funding.

16. Comparative figures

Certain prior year figures have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.